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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of Fig. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FO	R THE PER	IOD BEG	INNING 1/	1/03	AND ENDING	. 12/3	14/03/187/69
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			A. REGIST	FRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION		
NAME OF B	ROKER-DE.	ALER:	The Gene	va Companies I	nc.	OF	FICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS O	F PRINCIPA	AL PLAC	E OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box	x No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
5 Pa	ark Pla	za			 		
				(No. and Street)			
Irv	ine			CA		92614	
	(City)			(State)		(Zip Code)
	TELEPHON e Zarnov		BER OF PERSO	ON TO CONTACT IN RE	EGARD TO THIS 1 212-8	REPORT	38
						(Area C	ode – Telephone Number)
			B. ACCOU	NTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION		
INDEPENDE	ENT PUBLIC	C ACCOL	NTANT whos	e opinion is contained in	this Report*		
KPM	G LLP						
			(Nan	me – if individual, state last, fir.	st, middle name)		
355	South (Grand	Avenue	Los Angel	es C	CA	90071
(Address	s)			(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)



February 27, 2004

We do hereby affirm that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the attached financial statements as of December 31, 2003 and supplementary schedules pertaining to The Geneva Companies Inc. are true and correct, and that neither the Company nor any principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer. We further affirm that the accompanying financial statements and supplementary schedules have been or will be made available to all members or allied members of the organization.

Frederic M. Krieger

President and Chief Operating Officer

Mark T. Meyer

Chief Financial Officer

ROSEANN BASS
NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY
My Commission Expires July 31, 2005

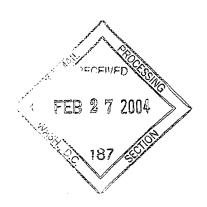
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February 2004.

This report contains** (check all applicable boxes):

<u>X</u>	(a)	Facing page.
$\frac{\overline{X}}{\underline{X}}$ $\frac{X}{X}$ \underline{X}	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
<u>X</u>	(c)	Statement of Operations.
<u>X</u>	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
X	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity.
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
<u>X</u>	(g)	Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
<u>X</u>	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
$\frac{\overline{X}}{\underline{X}}$	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and
		Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net
		Capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve
		Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
<u>X</u>	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial
		Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
<u>X</u>	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have
		existed since the date of the previous audit.
<u>X</u> _	(o)	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule
		17a-5.
	(p)	Statement of segregation requirements and funds in segregation for customers
		trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges.
	(q)	Statement of Secured Amounts and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign
		Futures and Foreign Options Customers.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).





(An indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Citigroup Global Markets Holdings Inc.)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

As of December 31, 2003

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors and Stockholder The Geneva Companies Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of The Geneva Companies Inc., (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Citigroup Global Markets Holdings Inc., formerly Salomon Smith Barney Holdings Inc.) and subsidiary as of December 31, 2003, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This consolidated statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this consolidated statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Geneva Companies Inc. and subsidiary as of December 31, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

February 20, 2004



Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2003

(In thousands, except share information)

Assets

Cash Accounts receivable Due from affiliate Due from related parties Property and equipment, net Other assets	\$ 33,628 1,335 3,837 1,903 853 2,481
Total assets	\$ 44,037
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 4,603 5,440 144 10,187
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, \$0 par value. Authorized, issued, and outstanding 200 shares Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated changes in equity from non-owner sources: Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	 43,008 (9,302)
Total stockholder's equity	 33,850
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 44,037

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2003

(In thousands)

(1) Organization and Business Description

The Geneva Companies Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Geneva Merger & Acquisition Services of Canada (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Company's primary business activities consist of conducting seminars and providing clients with evaluation and merger and acquisition services. The Company maintains offices in Southern California, New York, Illinois, Florida, Texas, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Washington, and Ontario, Canada.

The accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition includes the accounts of the Company, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Citigroup Financial Products Inc., formerly Salomon Brothers Holding Company Inc (the "Parent"). The Company's ultimate parent is Citigroup Inc. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Cash

The Company's cash on deposit is subject to credit risk in relation to cash deposited with financial institutions in excess of the amounts insured by the FDIC.

(b) Property and Equipment

Office equipment, furniture, and fixtures are stated at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, generally three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining terms of the related leases or the useful lives of such improvements, whichever is shorter.

(c) Impairment

The Company reviews its fixed assets and other long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Impairment of these assets is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount to the net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the related assets. No impairment losses were recognized in 2003.

(d) Foreign Currency Translation

The assets and liabilities of the Company's Canadian subsidiary have been translated into U.S. dollars at the current rate of exchange existing at year-end.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2003

(In thousands)

(e) Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The consolidated statement of financial condition has been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the consolidated statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Property and Equipment

The major classifications of fixed assets at December 31, 2003 were as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	\$ 1,275
Computer equipment	3,669
Leasehold improvements	 954
	5,898
Less accumulated deprecation and amortization	 (5,045)
	\$ 853

(4) Related Party Transactions

Amounts reported as due from affiliate include amounts due from the Parent, in relation to deferred tax assets transferred to the Parent's books.

(5) Income Taxes

Under income tax allocation agreements with the Parent and Citigroup, the Company's U.S. Federal, state, local, and foreign income taxes are provided on a separate entity basis and are subject to the utilization of tax attributes in Citigroup's consolidated income tax provision. Under the tax-sharing agreement, the Parent has agreed to purchase all tax assets and reimburse all tax liabilities for the Company; as such, the Company retains no deferred tax assets or liabilities.

Under SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, temporary differences between recorded amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when such differences are expected to reverse.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2003

(In thousands)

(6) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is obligated under various operating leases for office space and equipment. Future minimum annual lease payments under these arrangements are as follows:

2004	\$ 2,979
2005	3,057
2006	2,994
2007	546
2008	247
Thereafter	
	\$9,823

The Company is subject to various pending and threatened legal actions which arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the disposition of claims currently pending and threatened will not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

(7) Capital Requirements

The Company, as a broker-dealer is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission (Rule 15c3-1). Under the alternative method permitted by this rule, the Company is required to maintain net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of aggregate debit balances arising from customer transactions, as defined. At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$21,898, which exceeded the minimum requirement by \$21,648.



KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Stockholder The Geneva Companies Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements and supplemental schedules of The Geneva Companies Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 20, 2004